

New Executable file format

New Executable (NE) file format used by set of operating system including OS/2, Windows, Multitasking MS-DOS 4 and set of DOS Extenders. It is designed to be store on disk and in-memory usage. In-disk format is same for all OSES, but In-memory usage is mostly specific for Windows systems.

New Executable header

Offset	Size	Name	Description
00h	WORD	ne_magic	Signature word NEMAGIC (0x4E45, 'NE')
On-disk			
02h	BYTE	ne_ver	Version number of the linker
03h	BYTE	ne_rev	Revision number of the linker
In-memory (Windows)			
02h	WORD	count	Usage count
04h	WORD	ne_enttab	Entry Table file offset, relative to the beginning of the segmented EXE header
On-disk			
06h	WORD	ne_cbenttab	Number of bytes in the entry table
In-memory (Windows)			
06h	WORD	next	Selector to next module
On-disk			
08h	DWORD	ne_crc	32-bit CRC of entire contents of file. These words are taken as 00 during the calculation
In-memory (Windows)			
08h	WORD	dgroup_entry	Near ptr to segment entry for DGROUP
0Ah	WORD	fileinfo	Near ptr to file info (OFSTRUCT)
0Ch	WORD	ne_flags	Flag word
0Eh	WORD	ne_autodata	Segment number of automatic data segment. This value is set to zero if SINGLEDATA and MULTIPLEDATA flag bits are clear, NOAUTODATA is indicated in the flags word. A Segment number is an index into the module's segment table. The first entry in the segment table is segment number 1
10h	WORD	ne_heap	Initial size, in bytes, of dynamic heap added to the data segment. This value is zero if no initial local heap is allocated
12h	WORD	ne_stack	Initial size, in bytes, of stack added to the data segment. This value is zero to indicate no initial stack allocation, or when SS is not equal to DS
14h	DWORD	ne_csip	Segment number:offset of CS:IP

Offset	Size	Name	Description	
18h	DWORD	ne_sssp	Segment number:offset of SS:SP If SS equals the automatic data segment and SP equals zero, the stack pointer is set to the top of the automatic data segment just below the additional heap area. +-----+ ! additional dynamic heap ! +-----+ ← SP ! additional stack ! +-----+ ! loaded auto data segment !% +-----+ ← DS, SS	
1Ch	WORD	ne_cseg	Number of entries in the Segment Table	
1Eh	WORD	ne_cmod	Number of entries in the Module Reference Table	
20h	WORD	ne_cbnrestab	Number of bytes in the Non-Resident Name Table	
22h	WORD	ne_segtab	Segment Table file offset, relative to the beginning of the segmented EXE header	
24h	WORD	ne_rsrctab	Resource Table file offset, relative to the beginning of the segmented EXE header	
26h	WORD	ne_restab	Resident Name Table file offset, relative to the beginning of the segmented EXE header	
28h	WORD	ne_modtab	Module Reference Table file offset, relative to the beginning of the segmented EXE header	
2Ah	WORD	ne_imptab	Imported Names Table file offset, relative to the beginning of the segmented EXE header	
2Ch	DWORD	ne_nrestab	Non-Resident Name Table offset, relative to the beginning of the file	
30h	WORD	ne_cmovent	Number of movable entries in the Entry Table	
32h	WORD	ne_align	Logical sector alignment shift count, log(base 2) of the segment sector size (default 9)	
34h	WORD	ne_cres	Number of resource entries	
36h	BYTE	ne_exetyp	Executable type, used by loader. 00h=Unknown (any "new-format" OS) 01h=OS/2 02h=Windows 03h=European MS-DOS 4.x 04h=Windows 386 05h=BOSS (Borland Operating System Services) 81h=PharLap 286	DOS-Extender, OS/2 82h=PharLap 286
37h	BYTE	ne_flagsothers	Operating system flags	
38h	WORD	???	offset to return thunks or start of gangload area	
3Ah	WORD	???	offset to segment reference thunks or length of gangload/fastload area	
3Ch	WORD	???	minimum code swap area size	
3Eh	2 BYTES	???	expected Windows version (minor version first)	

Flag word (ne_flags)

Bit(s)	Mask	Name	Description
0-1	-	NOAUTODATA	No an automatic data segment
0	0001h	SINGLEDATA	Per-process library data (shared DGROUP)
1	0002h	MULTIPLEDATA	Per-instance library data
11	0800H	FIRSTDISC(?)	First segment in the executable file contains code that loads the application
13	2000h	LINKERROR	Errors detected at link time, module will not load
15	8000h	LIBRARY	Module is a dynamic-link library (DLL)

Operating system flags (ne_flagsothers)

Bit	Mask	Name	Description
0	01h	NELONGNAMES	Supports long file names (OS/2)
1	02h	NEWINISPROT	Windows 2.x app runs in protected mode (Windows)
2	04h	NEWINGETPROPFON	Windows 2.x app gets proportional font (Windows)
3	08h	NEGANGLOAD	Contains gangload/fastload area (Windows)
7	80h	NEWLOAPPL	WLO application on OS/2 (markwlo.exe) (OS/2)

On-disk segment entry

Offset	Size	Name	Description
00h	WORD	ns_sector	Logical-sector offset (n byte) to the contents of the segment data, relative to the beginning of the file. Zero means no file data
02h	WORD	ns_cbseg	Length of the segment in the file, in bytes. Zero means 64K
04h	WORD	ns_flags	Flag word
06h	WORD	ns_minalloc	Minimum allocation size of the segment, in bytes. Total size of the segment. Zero means 64K

In-memory (Windows) segment entry

Offset	Size	Name	Description
00h	WORD	ns1_sector	Logical-sector offset (n byte) to the contents of the segment data, relative to the beginning of the file. Zero means no file data
02h	WORD	ns1_cbseg	Length of the segment in the file, in bytes. Zero means 64K
04h	WORD	ns1_flags	Flag word
06h	WORD	ns1_minalloc	Minimum allocation size of the segment, in bytes. Total size of the segment. Zero means 64K
08h	WORD	ns1_handle	Selector or handle (selector - 1) of segment in memory

```

struct new_segdata {
    union {
        struct {
            WORD    ns_niter;
            WORD    ns_nbytes;
            char    ns_iterdata;
        } ns_iter;
        struct {
            char    ns_data;
        } ns_noniter;
    };
};

```

```

} ns_union;
};

```

Relocation table header

Offset	Size	Name	Description
00h	WORD	nr_nreloc	Number of relocation table entries

Relocation table entry

Offset	Size	Name	Description
00h	char	nr_stype	Source type (0Fh = NRSTYP - source mask): 00h = LOBYTE, 02h = SEGMENT, 03h = FAR_ADDR (32-bit pointer), 05h = OFFSET (16-bit offset)
01h	char	nr_flags	Flags byte (03h = TARGET_MASK): 00h = INTERNALREF, 01h = IMPORTORDINAL, 02h = IMPORTNAME, 03h = OSFIXUP, 04h = ADDITIVE
02h	WORD	nr_soff	Offset within this segment of the source chain. If the ADDITIVE flag is set, then target value is added to the source contents, instead of replacing the source and following the chain. The source chain is an 0FFFFh terminated linked list within this segment of all references to the target
Internal fixup			
04h	char	nr_segno	Segment number (for fixed segment) or 0FFh (for movable segment)
05h	char	nr_res	Reserved (usually zero)
06h	WORD	nr_entry	Entry table number (for movable segment) offset segment
Import			
04h	WORD	nr_mod	???
06h	WORD	nr_proc	???
OS Fixup			
04h	WORD	nr_ostype	???
06h	WORD	nr_osres	???

Offset	Size	Name	Description
00h	char	rs_len	???
01h	char	rs_string[1]	???

Offset	Size	Name	Description
00h	WORD	rt_id	???
02h	WORD	rt_nres	???
04h	DWORD	rt_proc	???

Offset	Size	Name	Description
00h	WORD	rn_offset	???
02h	WORD	rn_length	???
04h	WORD	rn_flags	???
06h	WORD	rn_id	???
08h	WORD	rn_handle	???
0Ah	WORD	rn_usage	???

Offset	Size	Name	Description
00h	WORD	rs_align	???
02h	struct rsrc_typeinfo	rs_typeinfo	???

- Microsoft KB: Q65122: Executable-File Header Format

- Windows SDK 3.1 (MSDN Library, September 1992)

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